Financial Report December 31, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Stamford Golf Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Stamford Golf Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority. as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional

omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate
 that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

GMA & ASSOCIATES, LLC

Stamford, Connecticut May 15, 2023

Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	2,437,508	\$ 1,841,023
Cash - board restricted (Note 1)		16,918	16,632
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		32,917	96,811
Total current assets		2,487,343	1,954,466
Capital assets, net of depreciation (Note 3)		4,237,096	4,446,257
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	6,724,439	\$ 6,400,723
Liabilities and Net Position			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	165,785	\$ 122,118
Unearned revenue		39,000	42,750
Current maturities of capital lease obligations (Note 4)		226,903	183,804
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 5)		232,612	291,969
Total current liabilities		664,299	640,641
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Security deposits		16,918	16,632
Capital lease obligations, less current maturities (Note 4)		566,842	547,938
Long-term debt, less current maturities (Note 5)		1,535,626	1,761,675
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,119,387	2,326,245
Total liabilities		2,783,686	2,966,886
Net position:			
Board designated for net Investment in capital assets		1,675,113	1,660,872
Unrestricted		2,265,640	1,772,965
Total net position		3,940,753	3,433,837
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	6,724,439	\$ 6,400,723

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021
Operating revenues:			
Greens	\$	1,931,105	\$ 2,040,134
Driving range		1,340,869	1,304,516
Cart rental		423,120	415,502
Permits		126,749	131,881
Non-resident frequent use cards		44,000	52,200
Rent		113,500	142,500
Other miscellaneous income		28,965	33,143
		4,008,307	4,119,876
Operating expenses:			
Salaries		1,229,933	1,352,668
Depreciation and amortization		535,006	598,132
Rent - City of Stamford		219,573	210,632
Grounds maintenance		197,118	210,794
Seed, fertilizer and chemicals		190,229	184,149
Utilities		164,650	123,768
Insurance		162,221	161,944
Payroll taxes		124,993	135,423
Equipment maintenance and rental		101,061	107,893
Building repairs and maintenance		85,759	96,195
Office supplies and expense		80,601	79,919
Employee medical insurance		71,846	94,468
Driving range supplies		50,843	39,825
Irrigation system		36,629	63,814
Gasoline		36,326	30,353
Activity supplies		28,980	33,227
Professional fees		28,700	36,245
Pension expense		18,566	24,650
Security		13,794	5,207
Telephone		12,744	14,729
Training and education		1,939	4,135
Training and oddoddon		3,391,508	3,608,170
Change in net assets from operations		616,798	511,706
Change in het assets from operations		616,796	511,706
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest and dividend income		6,380	3,045
Interest expense		(116,262)	(107,509)
morest expense		(109,883)	(104,465)
		(100,000)	(101,100)
Change in net assets		506,916	407,242
Net position, beginning of year		3,433,837	3,026,595
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,940,753	\$ 3,433,837

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activites				
Net Income	\$	506,916	\$	407,242
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		535,006		598,132
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Decrease) increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets		56,117		(61,246)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses		43,667		(5,938)
Increase in security deposit payable		286		302
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		(3,750)		2,600
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,138,241		941,093
Cook flows from investing activities				
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of capital assets		(133,414)		(274.017)
Net cash used in investing activities		(133,414)		(274,017)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(133,414)		(274,017)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments for capital lease obligations		(122,651)		(160,423)
Payment for notes payable		(285,406)		(276,660)
Net cash used in financing activities		(408,057)		(437,083)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		596,770		229,993
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning		1,857,655		1,627,664
Ending	¢	2 454 426	\$	1 957 655
Linding	Ψ	2,454,426	φ	1,857,655
Supplemental schedule of non-cash capital financing activities:	•	400.700	Φ.	400.054
Equipments financed with capital lease	\$	189,726	\$	136,854

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of business: The Stamford Golf Authority (the Authority) operates the Sterling Farms Recreation Complex, excluding the theater, Curtain Call, Inc., located at 1349 Newfield Avenue, Stamford, Connecticut. The Authority operates an 18-hole golf course, driving range, and rental activities of its facility. The Authority is considered a related organization to the City of Stamford, Connecticut.

A summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies follows:

Basis of presentation: The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Authority is a separate governmental unit that, under the criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, need not be combined with any other component unit to form the reporting entity.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Proprietary fund accounting: The Authority has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. This Statement provides guidance on the applicability of accounting pronouncements from other standards setting organizations.

Cash and cash equivalents: For the purpose of reporting cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash and investments: Restricted cash includes a balance of \$16,918 and \$16,332 as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively for cash held in escrow for tenant subleasing property at the Sterling Farms Recreation Complex from the Authority.

Certificates of deposit are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets: Golf course improvements, equipment and other facilities are recorded at cost. Costs incurred in the development of the golf course include clearing building fairways and greens, changing the contour of the earth, building sand traps, installing water mains, and creating water hazards, laterals and drainage systems. These costs are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. When depreciable assets are sold or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation accounts are reduced by the applicable amounts, and any profit or loss is credited or charged to income. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses as incurred and expenditures for significant improvements are capitalized.

Revenue recognition and unearned revenue: The Authority's revenue is mainly derived from golf fees, cart rentals, driving range usage and rental income. The Authority records its revenue at the time the golfer plays a round of golf or purchases and uses buckets of balls at the driving range. Unearned revenue represents purchases of gift certificates, and gift cards and frequent use cards not utilized by fiscal year-end.

Income taxes: The Authority is exempt from tax under the municipal government provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from any Connecticut income tax. Therefore, no provision for income taxes is recorded in the financial statements.

Concentration of credit risk: Financial instruments that potentially subject the Authority to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of temporary cash investments. The Authority places its temporary cash investments in high credit financial institutions, although the Authority does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy or a policy to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific issue. A portion of temporary cash investments may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured limits from time to time. The Authority has not experienced any losses from such concentrations.

Pending Accounting Pronouncements GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Because of the COVID-19 pandemic, GASB delayed the effective date of this statement. This statement is effective beginning December 15, 2022. The Association is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
		_
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 2,454,426	\$ 1,857,655

Of these bank balance deposits with financial institutions, approximately \$2,207,000 and \$1,676,000 were uninsured and uncollateralized as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Effective January 1, 2023, the Authority's bank account balances have been invested in various banks and are covered by FDIC.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was as follows:

	December 31, 2022					
	Useful Life (Years)	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance	
Capital assets:						
Golf course development and improvements	12-40	\$ 4,188,913	\$ 38,050	\$ -	\$ 4,226,963	
Tennis courts	15	66,994	-	-	66,994	
Fencing	15	71,643	3,450	-	75,093	
Automobile	5	108,695	-	-	108,695	
Maintenance equipment and golf carts	5-12	1,807,108	186,420	-	1,993,528	
Building improvements	4-20	750,689	-	-	750,689	
Office furniture and fixtures	5-10	64,198	48,663	-	112,861	
Driving range	10	2,742,888	-	-	2,742,888	
Irrigation system	12	1,807,604	41,485	-	1,849,089	
Total capital assets being depreciated		11,608,732	318,068	-	11,926,800	
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,162,475)	(527,229)	-	(7,689,704)	
Net capital assets		\$ 4,446,257	\$ (209,161)	\$ -	\$ 4,237,096	

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

_	December 31, 2021								
_	Useful								
	Life		Beginning			Dele	etions/		Ending
_	(Years)		Balance		Additions	Tra	nsfers		Balance
Capital assets:									_
Golf course development and improvements	12-40	\$	4,096,287	\$	92,626	\$	-	\$	4,188,913
Tennis courts	15		66,994		-		-		66,994
Fencing	15		60,793		10,850		-		71,643
Automobile	5		32,434		76,261		-		108,695
Maintenance equipment and golf carts	5-12		1,679,746		127,362		-		1,807,108
Building improvements	4-20		728,065		22,624		-		750,689
Office furniture and fixtures	5-10		59,043		5,155		-		64,198
Driving range	10		2,666,895		75,993		-		2,742,888
Irrigation system	12		1,807,604		-		-		1,807,604
Total capital assets being depreciated			11,197,861		410,871		-		11,608,732
Less accumulated depreciation			(6,572,120)		(590, 355)		-		(7,162,475)
Net capital assets		\$	4,625,741	\$	(179,484)	\$	-	\$	4,446,257

Note 4. Commitments

Leases: The Authority leases maintenance equipment, golf carts and certain building improvements under capital leases. The book value of these assets was \$538,808 and \$557,881 and at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments under capital leases at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

2023	\$ 232,612
2024	227,541
2025	178,602
2026	163,260
2027	4,339
Total minimum lease payments	806,354
Less amounts representing interest	(12,609)
Present value of minimum capital lease payments	793,745
Less current portion	(226,903)
Capital lease obligation, net of current portion	\$ 566,842

Lease: The Authority leases the land and buildings of the complex from the City of Stamford, Connecticut. The lease agreement was renewed on June 30, 2020, and expires on June 30, 2034. For the years ending 2022 and 2021, the rent is 5.5% of the annual gross revenue of the Authority and is payable in four equal installments. A fifth adjusting payment is due in May of the subsequent year for any amount due to or from the City of Stamford, Connecticut. Rent expenses for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, totaled \$219,573 and \$210,794, respectively.

Note 4. Commitments (Continued)

Employment agreements: The Authority has employment agreements with certain employees which expire in December 2024. The agreements provide for minimum base salary levels, which are payable in accordance with each respective agreement. The aggregate future minimum commitment for salaries at December 31, 2022, was approximately \$507,000.

Note 5. Debt and Line of Credit

In June 2020, the Authority signed an 8-year term loan (Term Loan) with another bank and used the proceeds of \$2,500,000, to pay-in-full, its term loan with the prior bank. The Authority incurred closing cost of \$62,212 related to the new Term Loan, of which it is being amortized over 8 years at \$7,777 per year. The Term Loan debts consists of the following as of December 31, 2022, and 2021:

	 2022	2021
Term loans secured by the assets of the Association, requring 96 principal and interest monthy payments of \$29,409 per month at fixed interest rate of 2.99%, per annum, maturing in July 2028.	\$ 1,810,512	\$ 2,103,694
Less: Unamortized debt issurance costs	 (42,274)	(50,050)
Term loan net of issurance cost	1,768,238	2,053,644
Less: current maturities	\$ (232,612) 1,535,626	\$ (291,969) 1,761,675

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt as of December 31, 2022, are due in future years as follows:

2023	\$ 232,612
2024	310,614
2025	320,348
2026	330,387
2025	340,740
Thereafter	 275,811
	\$ 1,810,512

In 2020, The Authority signed a revolving Line of Credit (LOC). The LOC is for \$300,000 at prime plus .5% with a floor rate of 4.75%, maturing in July 2028. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no amounts were outstanding on the LOC.

The Term Loan and LOC have debt service coverage ratio and other covenants that are defined in both debt agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Rental Income

The Authority leases space to a restaurant facility under a lease that expires in October 2024. The Authority leases the golf pro shop to a golf professional under a lease that will expire in December 2023. The Authority also leases tennis facilities under a lease that expires in November 2023. The total future minimum rental commitments as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

2023	\$ 133,000
2024	81,000
	\$ 214,000

Note 7. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Stamford Golf Authority Retirement Plan is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Authority to provide benefits at retirement to all eligible employees. Plan members may elect to contribute a portion of their compensation subject to allowable maximum limitation under current law. The Authority contributes up to 5% of the annual covered salary based on an employee's years of service.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Authority's Board of Directors. Total employer contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were \$18,566 and \$24,650, respectively.

Note 8. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss that include, but are not limited to, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and others, and natural disasters.

The Authority purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies. Coverage has not been materially reduced, nor have settled claims exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

The Authority has a medical expense reimbursement plan (MERP). The purpose of this plan is to encourage and help provide full and complete medical care for each participating employee and his/her spouse and dependents.

Note 9. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 15, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.