



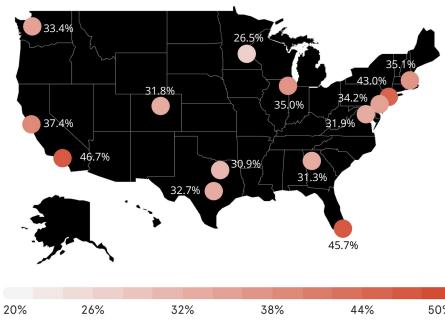
Growth of rent-burdenship

From 2000 to 2010, while rents increased 12% nationally, median income fell by 7%.

47.5% of American tenants (20 million renters) are rent-burdened -spending more than 30% of their income on rent. 6.5% of high-earning renters (\$75,000+ annual income) are rent-burdened.

Between 1990 and 2016, median rents and median home prices outpaced overall inflation by 20% and 41% respectively. Middle-income (80-100% AMI) single workers are rapidly getting priced out of quality living situations in today's cities.

Percentage of renter population that is rent-burdened, 2019



Fundamental demographic shifts

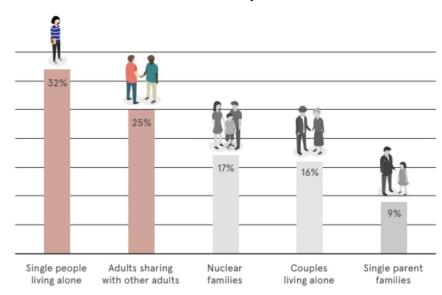
Increasing household size: With more and more Americans choosing to live with roommates, the average household size increased for the first time since 1790.

Changing household composition: In New York City, the majority of all households are comprised of single persons living alone or with roommates. One in four NYC households contains two or more single adults living in a shared unit. 58% of the single-adult renter households are rent-burdened.

Effects of student-loan debt: Because home ownership has become prohibitively expensive and because Americans are saddled with more student-loan debt than ever before, more people are choosing to rent deep into their 30s and 40s.

In response to these shifts and the call for more affordable housing, we should be building more units that cater to roommate living. As households take on a wider range of configurations, so should the housing stock.

NYC Household Composition, 2018





Common Living

Key Stats:

Founded: 2015Employees: 180

Funding:

• \$63.4 million

 Key investors: Norwest Venture Partners, Maveron, and 8VC

Buildings:

Open buildings: 41

Signed buildings: 160+

Signed beds: 14,500+

Cities:

Open cities: 6Signed cities: 20

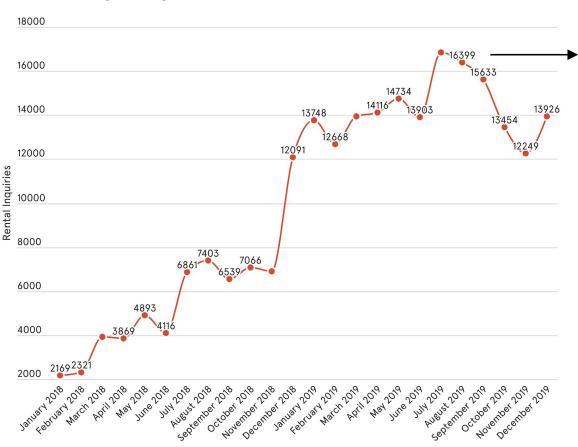


Common cities

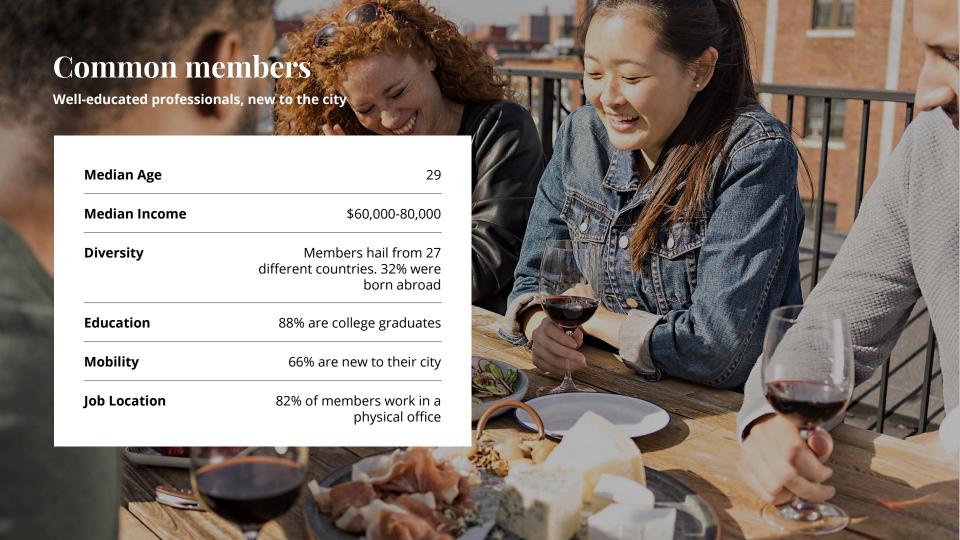


Monthly Lead Volume

Demand for coliving is soaring



In August 2019, Common received over 16,000 rental inquires for only 81 vacant units.



A glance at our open homes









Sterling, NYC

Terry, Seattle

Baltic, NYC

Melrose, LA











A glance at our upcoming projects



Two Saints, New Orleans 218 beds



Roosevelt, New York 253 beds

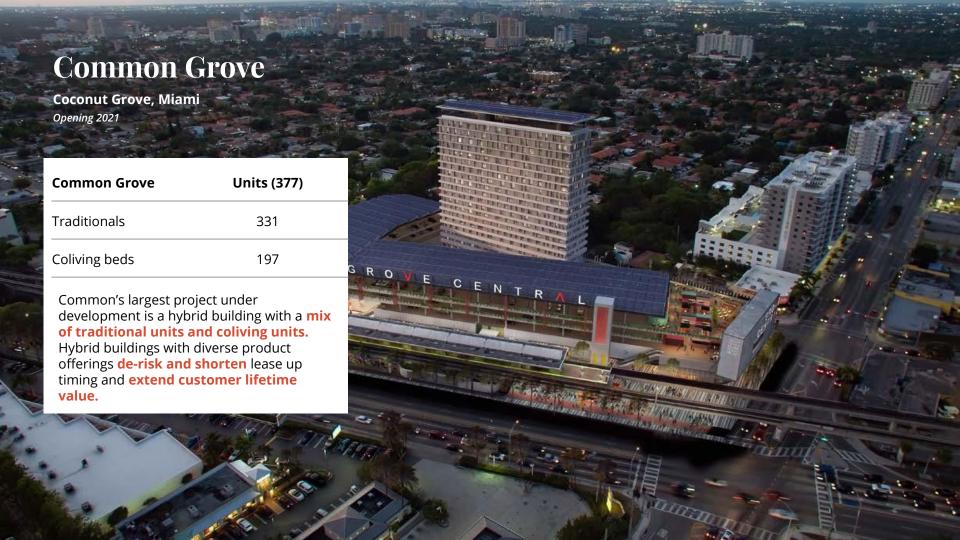


Zibi, Ottawa 252 beds



La Salle, Chicago 112 beds







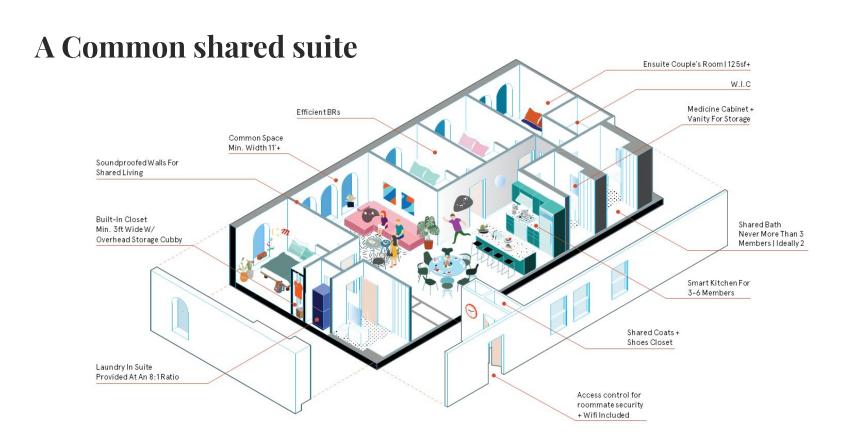
What exactly is coliving?

High-density apartments (3BR+) in which individuals have their own private bedroom while sharing a kitchen, living room, and amenity spaces with their suitemates.

Coliving is an alternative to a studio apartment. Common offers renters access to quality rental product with:

- Better **affordability** and value
- Enhanced convenience with a suite of services that create a seamless roommate experience
- Active and engaging **community**
- Geographic flexibility
- Emotionally sensitive design and tech integration
- On-demand customer service





Density unlocks affordability

Building	Market	Average Comparable Studio Rent	Average Common Coliving Rent	Common Rent Reduction
Common Baltic	Brooklyn, NY	\$2,775	\$2,035	27%
Common Melrose	Los Angeles, CA	\$2,280	\$1,790	21%
Common Richardson	Washington, DC	\$2,070	\$1,600	23%
Common Racine	Chicago, IL	\$1,317	\$995	24%
Common MacArthur	Oakland, CA	\$1,980	\$1,500	24%

Common drives affordability via public-private partnerships

Cities, such as New York, Atlanta, and New Orleans, understand that Common's coliving model is a vehicle to develop affordable housing at the pace and scale required to hit their affordability goals.







Invest Atlanta

"Coliving model provides new pathway to affordable housing in Atlanta"

Common Englewood

15% of bedrooms at 80% AMI

Curbed New York

"NYC launches pilot for affordable coliving developments"

Common Roosevelt

67% of bedrooms at 50-120% AMI

The New Orleans Advocate

"Nola coliving complex gets tax break, agrees to keep rents steady for 15 years"

Common Two Saints

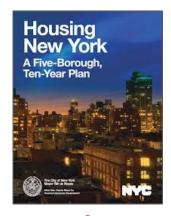
100% of bedrooms at 100% AMI

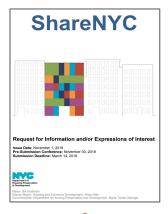
ShareNYC

New York City's affordable coliving pilot program

NYC selects Common to deliver affordable housing

In October 2019, Common and L+M's joint proposal was selected as the winner of ShareNYC: New York City's competition aimed at creating more affordable housing through coliving. The winning project, Common Roosevelt, speaks to the core of Common's mission and the ethos of coliving. It will provide an innovative solution to the city's housing crisis to be replicated more broadly across the five boroughs.











May 2014

Housing New York

launches its plan to deliver 300,000 affordable units by 2026.

November 2018

ShareNYC

The City of New York The NYC Department of Housing Preservation and Development issues the RFFI in search of a scalable coliving solution.

October 2019

Winning Proposal

Common's proposal gets the stamp of approval from the NYC HPD. The project in East Harlem is set to begin development.

Iune 2022

Delivery + Lease-Up

Common uses shared effectively housing to relieve the rent burden on the citizens of NYC.

2022+

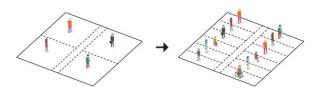
Updated Regulations

Using lessons learned from the pilot, the mayor's office will define and clarify broader regulations around shared housing.



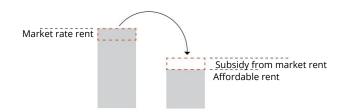
Scalable model for affordable housing

Increased allowable density



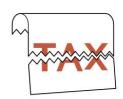
Housing policy that permits additional density is the most efficient way to meaningfully create supply and drive housing affordability

Cross-subsidization



The higher NOI from market-rate coliving allows developers to partially subsidize more affordable housing, eliminating the needs for any government subsidies

Incentives



Discretionary tax abatements and flexible land use regulations / zoning variances will encourage the development of projects delivering substantial affordability to more residents

How cities win	How developers win	How Common wins	
✓ Accelerate development of affordable units	✓ Increased flexibility with affordable unit typologies	✓ Increased demand for operation expertise	
Relieve rent burden on citizens	✓ Increased returns created by high density affordable units	✓ Clarified regulations around coliving	
Provide housing supply that better matches today's demand	✓ Clarified regulations around coliving	✓ Influence over the future of housing	

Coliving in Stamford

Stamford's demographic profile is well-suited for coliving

The current demographic + economic trends in Stamford align with Common's target population.

\$85K

Median Household Income in the City of Stamford

Common would target Stamford residents earning between \$50K and \$80K annually. 17.1%

Proportion of city residents between 25 - 40 years old

The majority of Common's members are between 24 - 35 years old.

45.7%

Renter-occupied housing unit rate

Stamford has a strong renter population for Common to capture.

12.2%

Percentage of residents between 25 - 40 years old that moved to Stamford in 2018

Around 3,800 people aged 25 to 40 moved to Stamford in 2018.









Sample Common Co-Living Members

Beth \$1,675

Name

Rent

Jake

\$1,525

Retail Trade

Employment

Librarian

\$70,000

Salary

\$64,000

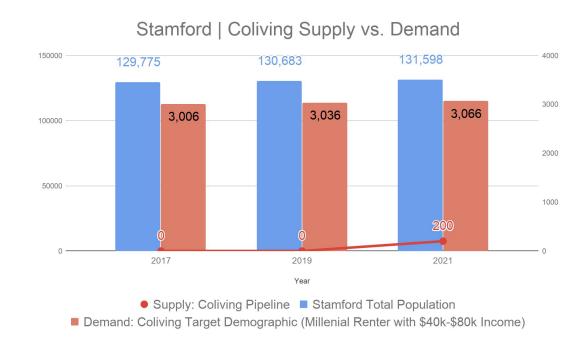
Beth is a 30 year old Sales Associate at a clothing company in Greenwich, CT. The accessibility to transit and the added affordability are a perfect match for her. Jake is a 28 year old librarian at UConn Stamford. The convenience of weekly cleaning and the rooming unit being fully furnished add convenience to his life and allow him to spend his free hours making trips to New York City.

Coliving Enables Organic Affordability | Stamford, CT

	_	— 36% Discount	
		2BR Share	Traditional Studio
Rent	\$1,130	\$1,475	\$1,900
Furnishings	\$150	\$100	\$150
Utilities	\$55	\$30	\$45
Washer/Dryer	\$25	\$40	\$40
Cleaning	\$90	\$100	\$150
Supplies	\$25	\$30	\$40
Wifi	\$50	\$25	\$50
Total Cost:	\$1,525	\$1,800	\$2,375

Demand for Coliving in Stamford Exceeds Projected Supply

- Using rental status, age (25-40 years old) and income (\$40-80k) as a proxy, the estimated market for coliving in Stamford is ~3,000 people
- 62 West Park Place will account for only 6.5% of potential demand in Stamford by 2021



Why 62 West Park Place?

- Downtown Stamford is a alkable, urban location Common members prefer walking and access to neighborhood amenities
- Coliving is transit-oriented development

 Metro-North Railroad and CT Transit services allow residents greater flexibility to travel without a car
- Diversify Downtown Stamford's housing typologies
 Coliving will allow residents to live in this desirable
 downtown location that could not otherwise afford it



